

MANAGING UREA- CONTAINING FERTILIZERS

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OVERCOMING NITROGEN VOLATILIZATION LOSSES

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UREA to NH_3 - lost



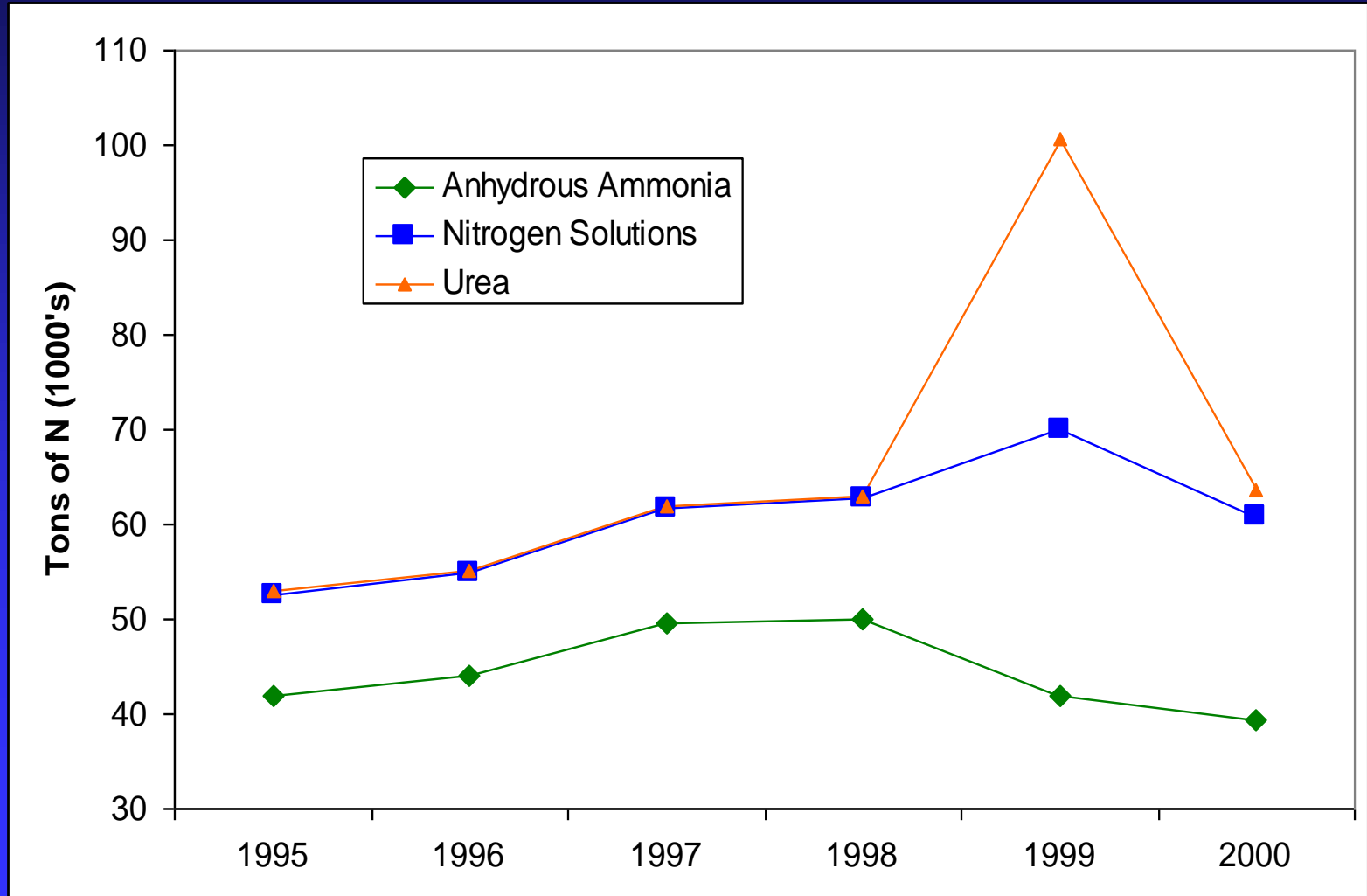
UREA to NH_3 - held by soil



Nitrogen Fertilizer Use in Wisconsin, 1984 and 2000.

N source	Tons of N (1000's)		% of N use	
	1984	2000	1984	2000
NH ₃	75	41	44	25
Urea	45	63	27	38
UAN	50	61	29	37
Total	170	165		

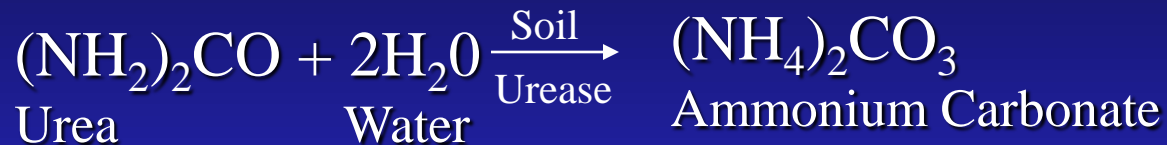
N fertilizer use in Wisconsin (tons of materials)



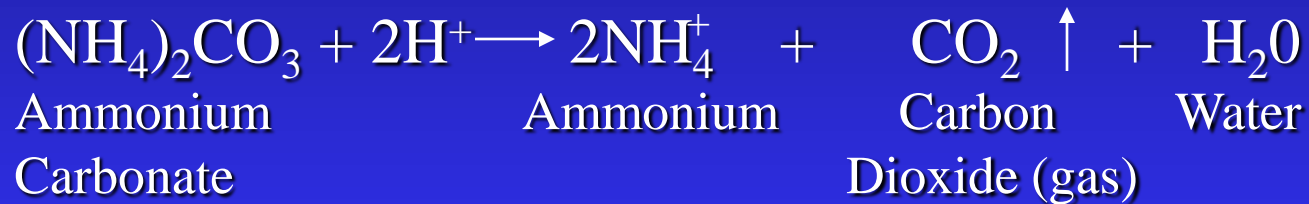
Reactions of urea in soil

Equation 1.

Urea Hydrolysis



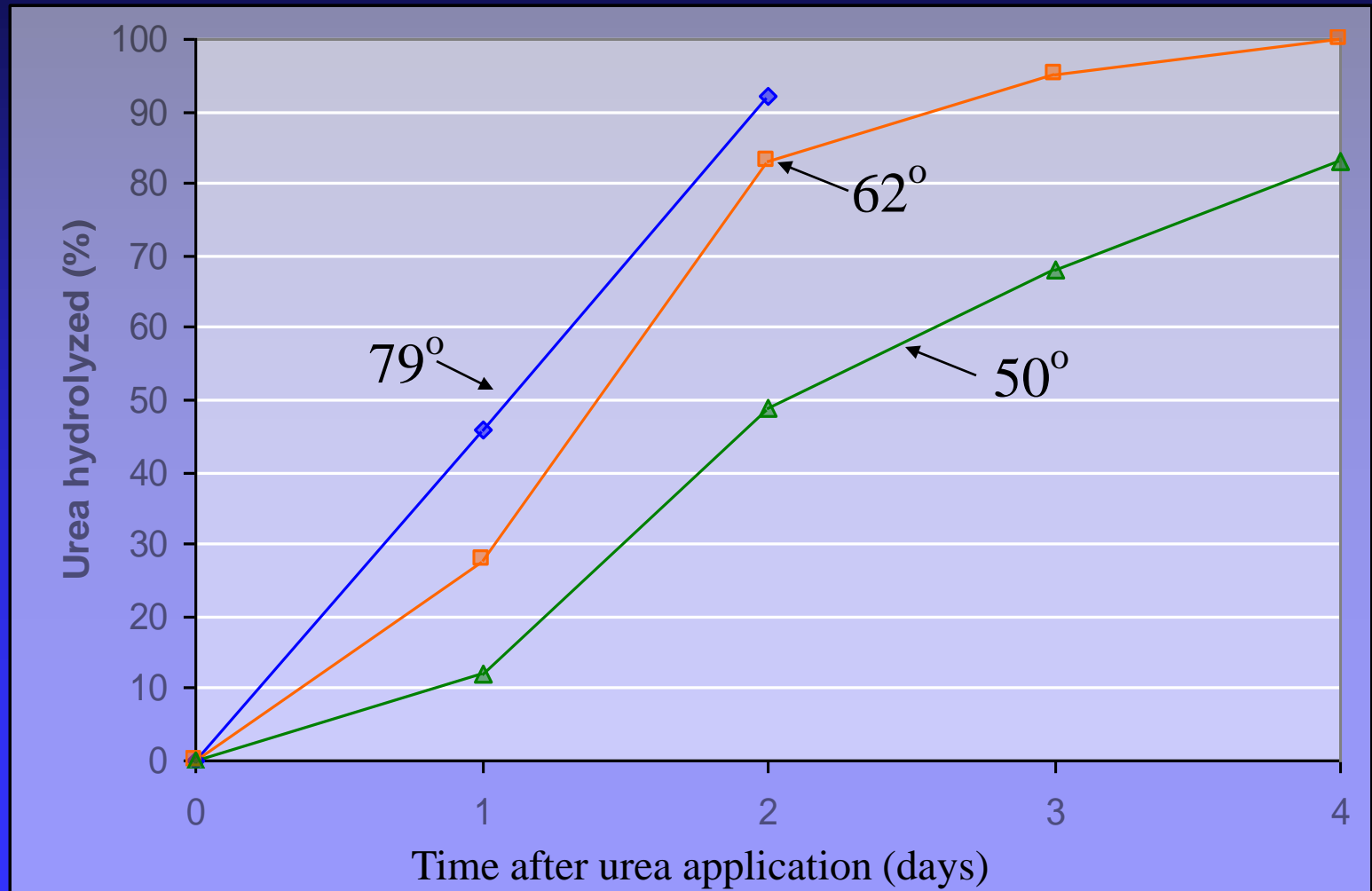
Equation 2.



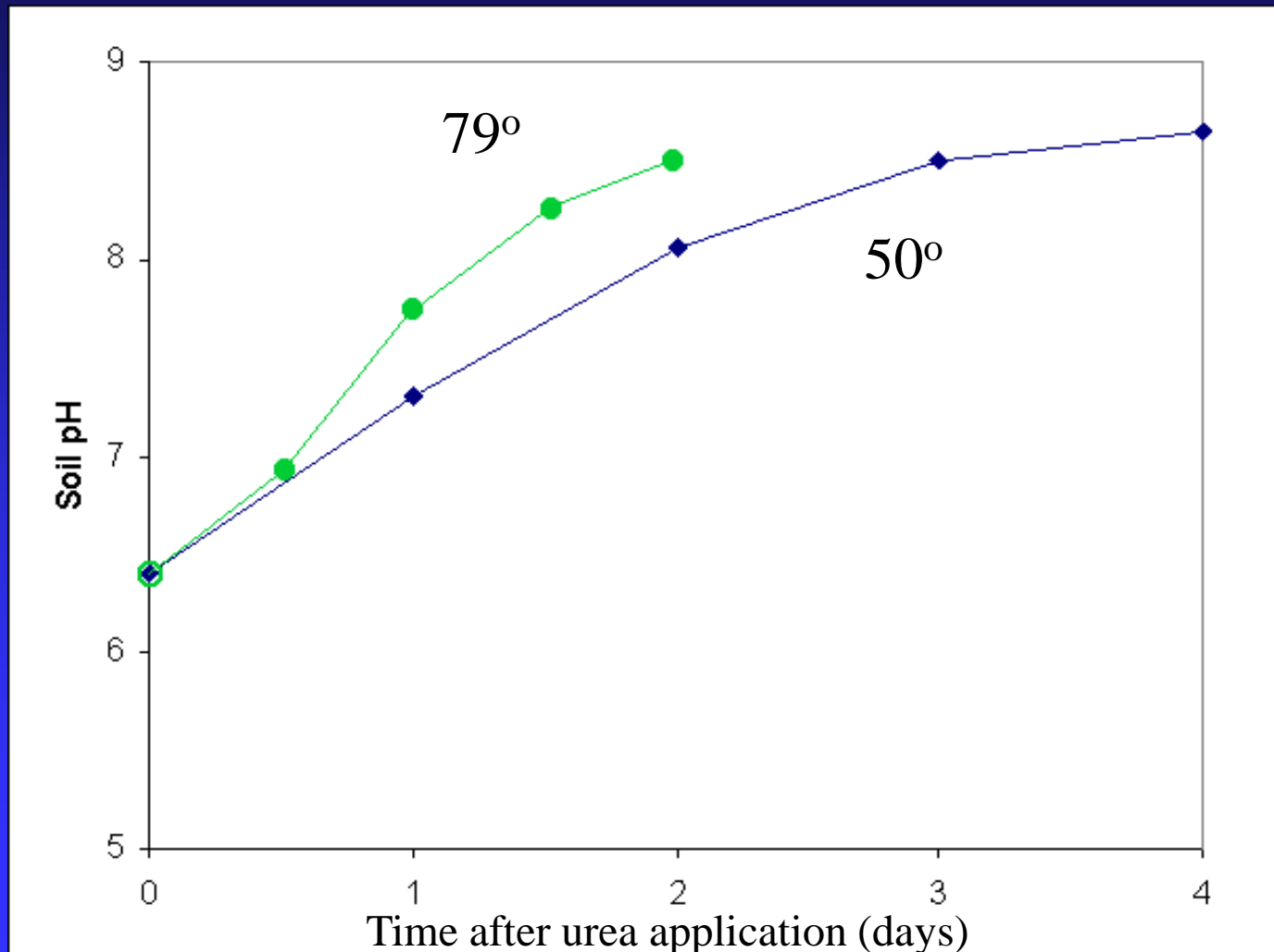
Equation 3.



Rates of urea hydrolysis in a silt loam soil at three temperatures



Change in soil pH in a urea-treated silt loam at two temperatures



Soil pH effects on percentages of N present as ammonia and ammonium

Soil pH	Ammoniacal N	
	Ammonia	Ammonium
	-----%	-----
6	0.058	99.94
7	0.57	99.43
8	5.4	94.6
9	36.5	63.5

Ammonia Volatilization Losses

- Urea and urea-containing fertilizers
 - Surface applications only
 - Tillage or rain in 2-3 days controls loss
 - Large losses are rare
 - Maximum loss = 20-30 % of N
-

Factors Favoring Ammonia Loss

- No rain or irrigation after application
 - Crop residue on the soil surface
 - High temperatures
 - High soil pH
 - Low clay & organic matter (low CEC)
 - Initially moist soil followed by drying
-

Extent of Ammonia Volatilization Losses

Effect of ammonia loss from surface-applied fertilizers on corn yield, Lancaster, WI

N source	Ammonia loss (%)	Yield (bu/acre)
None	--	83
Urea	16	122
UAN solution (28%)	12	125
Ammonium nitrate	2	132

Oberle & Bundy, 1988. Data from one of four experiments.

Effect of ammonia loss from surface-applied fertilizers on grass pasture yield, Lancaster, WI

N source	Ammonia loss (%)	Yield (tons/acre)
None	--	0.74
Urea	19	1.09
Ammonium nitrate	1	1.30

Oberle & Bundy, 1988. N rate = 60 lb N/acre.

Nitrogen Source and Management Comparisons

Nitrogen Source Comparisons in No-till Corn

Nitrogen source and placement effects on no-till corn yield and ear leaf N concentration¹

Treatment	Yield	Ear leaf N
	bu/acre	%
Ammonia, inj.	138	3.06
UAN injected	135	2.85
UAN surface	118	2.48
Urea surface	123	2.57

¹ Ave.of seven expts. Mengel et al., 1982 (Indiana)

Effect of N source and application method on corn yield, Janesville and Winnebago, WI¹

Application method	Yield	
	Winnebago	Janesville
	----- bu/acre -----	
UAN surface broadcast	163	146
UAN surface band	153	139
Anhydrous ammonia	165	146

¹ Bundy et al., 1992. Yields are means of 3 yr, 2 N rates, and 4 tillages

Effect of N source & application method on corn yield, Arlington, WI¹

N source & method	Year		
	1993	1994	1995
	----- bu/acre -----		
Ammonium nitrate	118 a	177 a	163 a
UAN spray	94 bc	140 b	152 a
UAN spray + rain	105 ab	139 b	159 a
UAN sprinkle	86 bc	148 b	--
UAN injected	--	--	157 a
Urea	83 c	155 b	160 a

¹ Bundy & Andraski, 1997, Rain = 0.5 inch

Treatments in Nitrogen-Residue Decomposition Study

- Times and rates of N (UAN and ammonium sulfate)
 - Sulfur as gypsum applied to equalize sulfur
 - Treatments applied to residue of previous corn crop.
-

Nylon mesh bag for residue quantity & composition measurements



Nitrogen timing, source, & rate effects on corn grain yield, Arlington, 1999-2001

N timing & rate (lb N/acre)		Yield 1999	Yield 2000	Yield 2001
Fall	Spring	----- bu/acre -----		
0	0	167 b	63 e	105 e
30 UAN	160 UAN	219 a	146 abc	191 b
30 AS	160 AS	220 a	158 a	202 ab
0	190 UAN	219 a	148 ab	194 b
0	190 AS	216 a	160 a	208 a
100 AS	90 UAN	220 a	136 bc	207 a

Nitrogen Source and Management Comparisons

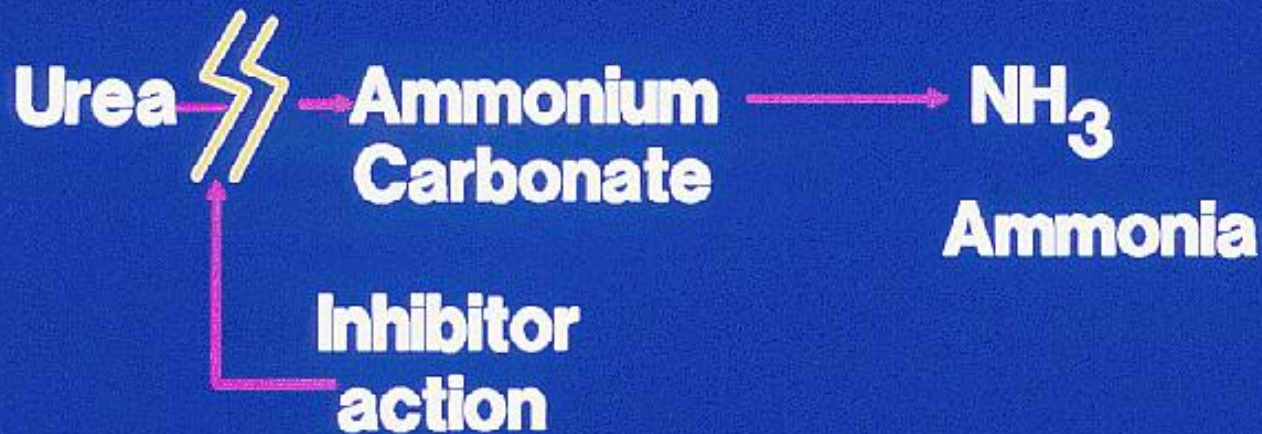
**Urease Inhibitors to Control
Ammonia Loss**

Urease Inhibitor

**N-(n-butyl) thiophosphoric
triamide (NBPT)**

Commercial product - Agrotain

Soil Urease Inhibition



Grain yield increase from use of a urease inhibitor with urea-containing fertilizers

Experimental sites	No.of sites	Yield increase	
		Urea	UAN
----- bu/acre -----			
All sites	78	4.3	1.6
N responsive	64	5.0	2.8
Significant NH ₃ loss	59	6.6	2.7

^{1/} Hendrickson, 1992

Nitrogen Source and Management Comparisons

Winter Applications of Urea

Effect of nitrogen source, time, and rate on corn yield, Illinois¹

Nitrogen treatment		Nitrogen rate			
Source/method	Time	0	120	180	240
		----- Yield (bu/acre) -----			
None (control)		89			
Urea/surface	Winter		94	123	126
Urea/Incorp.	Spring		140	157	165
Anhydrous ammonia	Spring		149	157	158

¹ Illinois Agronomy Handbook, 2001-2002.

Nitrogen Source and Management Comparisons

Preplant Urea Applications on Sandy Soils

Effect of N source and timing on corn yield, Hancock, WI (2-yr ave.)

N rate	Inhibitor	Preplant	
		Urea	NH ₃
lb/acre		-----	bu/acre -----
0		35	
70	-	61	87
	+	80	99
140	-	101	124
	+	109	134
210	-	98	142
	+	119	137

Effect of N source and timing on corn yield, Hancock, WI (2-yr ave.)

N rate lb/acre	Inhibitor	Sidedress	
		Urea	NH ₃
		----- bu/acre -----	
0		35	
70	-	99	89
	+	106	104
140	-	127	127
	+	129	125
210	-	135	137
	+	142	133

Summary

- Urea-containing fertilizers are widely used (75-80% of the N in Wisconsin).
 - Ammonia loss can occur from surface applied urea fertilizers
 - Soil and climate factors influence ammonia loss.
 - Maximum losses seldom exceed 20% of applied N.
-

Summary

- N source comparisons sometimes show better performance with non-urea materials
 - Factors other than ammonia loss may contribute to these results.
 - Urease inhibitors can reduce ammonia loss from urea fertilizers.
 - Economic benefits from inhibitors is uncertain.
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Summary

- Winter applications of urea on frozen soils subject to N losses
 - Preplant applications of urea on sandy soils should be avoided
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Controlling Nitrogen Volatilization Losses

- Incorporate or inject urea-containing fertilizers
 - Use non-urea N sources for surface applications
 - Consider a urease inhibitor where risk of volatile loss is high
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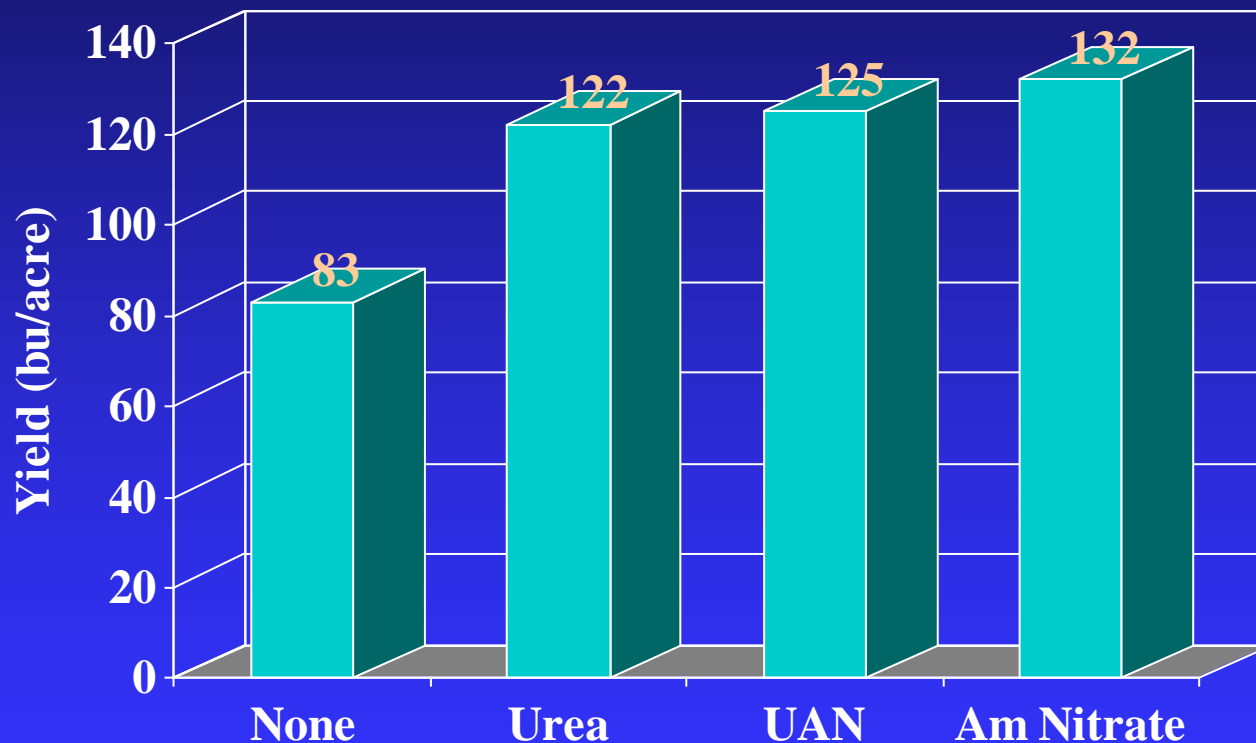


^{UW}Extension

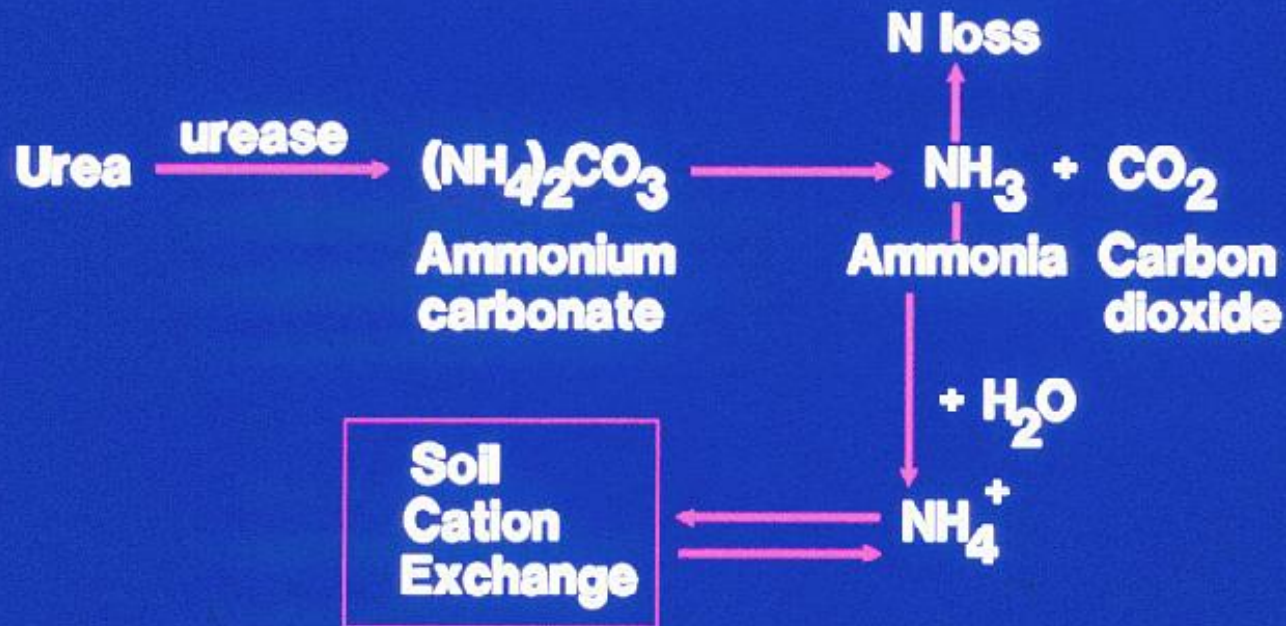


**Agriculture
& Natural Resources**

Corn Yield with surface applied N sources, Lancaster, WI



Ammonia Volatilization



Effect of N source and timing on corn yield, Hancock, WI

N rate	Inhibitor	Preplant		Sidedress	
		Urea	NH ₃	Urea	NH ₃
lb/acre		----- bu/acre -----			
0		35			
70	-	61	87	99	89
	+	80	99	106	104
140	-	101	124	127	127
	+	109	134	129	125
210	-	98	142	135	137
	+	119	137	142	133

Plant Nutrient Consumption in the USA. (1960-2000)

