Changes in Manure Nutrient Credits

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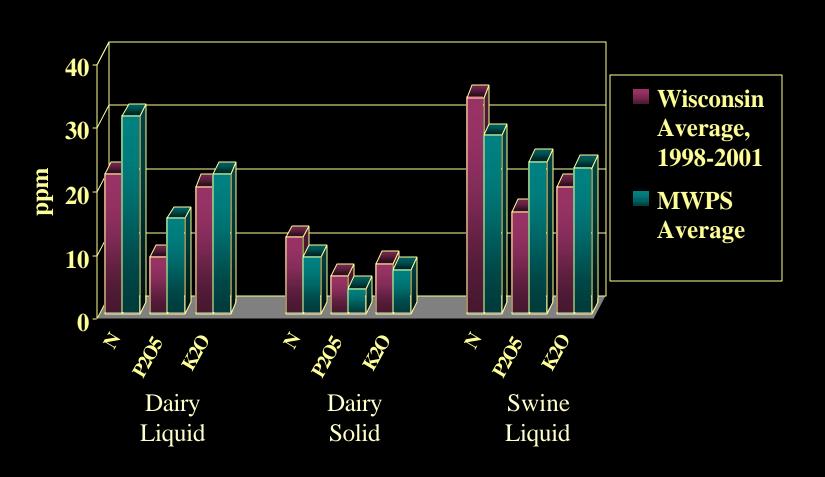
Introduction

- New manure analysis data indicated a need to update manure nutrient "book" values.
- Continuing field research helps fine-tune availability estimates.
- New species and management categories established.

"Book Values"

- Nutrient concentrations can be estimated using "book" values for available N, P₂O₅, and K₂O
- Testing is needed to determine if a farm is typical and to establish an individual farm "typical" value
- If management and feeding practices do not change, manure analysis values will not vary significantly on a farm

Comparison of analyzed and "typical" manure nutrient content



Laboratory Data

- Lab values from 1998-2001 were summarized by management (liquid vs. solid) and species
- Data from UW Soil and Forage Analysis Laboratory, AgSource Laboratory, Dairyland Laboratory, Midwest Plan Service and Iowa State University
- Includes 1,476 liquid dairy, 1,243 solid dairy, 898 solid poultry, 457 liquid swine and 627 solid swine samples, as well as smaller numbers of samples for other species

Average nutrient & dry matter content from solid manure

Species	% Dry Matter	N	$\mathbf{P}_2\mathbf{O}_5$	$\mathbf{K}_2\mathbf{O}$	S					
	Pounds per ton									
Dairy	24	10	5	9	1.3					
Beef	35	14	9	11	1.5					
Swine	20	14	10	9	2.5					
Chicken	60	40	50	30	4					

Average nutrient & dry matter content from liquid manure

	%				
Species	Dry Matter	N	P_2O_5	$\mathbf{K_2O}$	S
]	Pounds	per 1000 g	gal	
Dairy	6	24	9	20	2.3
Beef	5	20	9	20	2.3
Swine, indoor pit	7	50	42	30	4.2
Swine, outdoor pit	4	34	16	20	4.2
Poultry	3	16	10	12	5

Estimated first-year nutrient availability of various manures*

Species	N	$\mathbf{P}_2\mathbf{O}_5$	$\mathbf{K}_2\mathbf{O}$	S
Dairy, surface applied	30%	60%	80%	60%
Dairy, incorporated	40%	60%	80%	60%
Beef, surface applied	25%	60%	80%	60%
Beef, incorporated	35%	60%	80%	60%
Swine, solid surface applied	50%	60%	80%	60%
Swine, solid incorporated	65%	60%	80%	60%
Poultry, solid surface applied	50%	60%	80%	60%
Poultry, solid incorporated	60%	60%	80%	60%

^{*} If manure has been applied to the same field at similar rates for 2 consecutive years, increase the nutrient values an additional 10%. If manure has been applied to the same field at similar rates for three or more consecutive years, increase the nutrient values by 15%.

Available nutrients in solid manure for one year of application

	N				
Species	Surface applied	Incorporated by 3 rd day	P_2O_5	$\mathbf{K}_2\mathbf{O}$	S
		lbs/ton total	available n	utrients	
Dairy	3	4	3	7	0.8
Beef	4	5	5	9	0.9
Swine	7	9	6	7	1.5
Chicken	20	24	30	24	2.4

Available nutrients in liquid manure for one year of application

	N				
Species	Surface applied Incorporated by 3 rd day		P_2O_5	$\mathbf{K}_{2}\mathbf{O}$	S
	lbs/1	000 gal tota	al availat	le nutriei	nts
Dairy	7	10	5	16	1.4
Swine indoor pit	25	33	25	24	2.5
Swine outdoor pit	17	22	10	16	2.5
Swine Farrow nursery indoor pit	13	16	14	18	2.5

Available nutrients in liquid manure for three years of consecutive application

	N				
Species	Surface applied	Incorporated by 3 rd day	P_2O_5	$\mathbf{K}_2\mathbf{O}$	S
	lbs/10	00 gal total	l availabl	e nutrient	ts
Dairy	11	13	7	19	1.7
Swine indoor pit	33	40	32	29	3.2
Swine outdoor pit	22	27	12	19	3.2
Swine Farrow nursery indoor pit	16	20	17	21	3.2

Manure Sampling and Testing

- Manure testing takes management practices into account and delivers more accurate values
- Sampling technique greatly influences test results
- Sample handling and testing methods also affect analytical results

Recommended Sampling Procedures: Solid Manure

- Sampling while loading
 - Take samples from several spreader loads
 - Combine samples to form one composite sample



Recommended Sampling Procedures: Solid Manure

- Sampling daily haul
 - Place five-gallon bucket under the barn cleaner
 4-5 times while loading spreader
 - Repeat sampling 2-3 times and test separately



Recommended Sampling Procedures: Liquid Manure

- Sampling from storage
 - Agitate storage facility thoroughly (2-4 hrs minimum)
 - Collect at least five samples from storage facility or during loading using a five gallon pail



Sample Storage and Handling

- Solid/Semi-solid samples
 - Thoroughly mix composite sample
 - Fill a one-gallon heavy-duty ziplock bag approximately onehalf full
 - Squeeze out excess air, close and seal
 - Store sample in freezer if not delivered to the lab immediately



Sample Storage and Handling

Liquid samples

- Thoroughly mix composite sample
- Fill a one-quart plastic bottle not more than three-quarters full
- Store sample in freezer if not delivered to the lab immediately



Sample: Analyzed By: UNY Sol & Forage Analysis Lab 8296 Yellowstone Dr Marchield, WI 54449 (715) 387-3623

WASTE ANALYSIS REPORT

Cooperative Extension
UW - Extension
UW - Madison
Sell's Dept, Madison, WI

Lab Number: 2 Date received: 9/25/02 Account #: 559301

County: Wood Date processed: 9/25/02 Client: UMSoil & Forage Analysis Laboratory

Send to:

UW Soil & Forage Analysis Laboratory 8396 Yellowstone Drive

Marshfield, WI 54449

Sample Information

Sample Name: #2

Material: Dairy Type of Storage: Lagoon

Storage System: Liquid Type of Bedding:

Comments:

Laboratory Analysis

Moisture: 95.20 %

Dry Matter: 4.80 %

Estimated Available Nutrient Credits for Manure

	Total Nutrients lbs/1000 gal	In 1st Year of Application be/1000 gal	If Applied 2 Consecutive Yrs be/1000 gal	If Applied 3 Consecutive Yrs Ibs/1000 gal				
Total Nitrogen (Injected)	27.09	10.84	13.55	14.90				
Total Nitrogen (Surface Applied)	27.09	8.13	10.84	12.19				
Total Phosphorus as P2O5	15.51	9.31	10.86	11.63				
Total Potassium as K2O	28.68	22.94	25.81	27.25				
Sulfur	1.27	0.70	0.83	0.89				
Estimated Value of Available Nutrients in Surface A	pplied Manure ¹	\$7.08	\$8.43	\$9.10				

Additional Tests

Additional Information

NH4-N

1 Value based on commercial fertilizer costs as of 3/1/2002:

Ash

N (urea) \$0.21/lb P₂O₅ (Triple Superphosphate) \$0.24/lb

K-0 (Potash) \$0.13/lb

S (Elemental Sulfur) \$0.23/lb

Laboratory Analysis

Moisture: 95.20 %

Dry Matter: 4.80 %

Estimated Available Nutrient Credits for Manure

	Total Nutrients lbs/1000 gal	In 1st Year of Application lbs/1000 gal	If Applied 2 Consecutive Yrs Ibs/1000 gal	If Applied 3 Consecutive Yrs Ibs/1000 gal
Total Nitrogen (Injected)	27.09	10.84	13.55	14.90
Total Nitrogen (Surface Applied)	27.09	8.13	10.84	12.19
Total Phosphorus as P206	15.51	9.31	10.86	11.63
Total Potassium as K2O	28.68	22.94	25.81	27.25
Sulfur	1.27	0.70	0.83	0.89
Estimated Value of Available Nutrients in Surface A	pplied Manure ¹	\$7.08	\$8.43	\$9.10

Sumplex Analyzed By: UNY Soil & Forage Analysis Lab B396 Yell evetors Dr Manshrield, W1 54440 (715) 387-2623

WASTE ANALYSIS REPORT

Cooperative Extension BW-Edentian U.W.- Madison Saile Dapt, Madican, W.

Lab Number: Date received: 9/25/02 Account#: 555901

Date processed: 9/25/02 Client: UW Soil & Forage Analysis Laboratory County: Wood

Send to:

UW Soil & Forage Analysis Laboratory 8396 Yellowstone Drive

Marshfield, WI 54449

Sample Information

Sample Name: #1

Material: Dairy Type of Storage: Stack

Storage System: Solid Type of Bedding: hay/straw

Comments:

Laboratory Analysis

Moisture: 81.50 % Dry Matter: 18.50 %

Estimated Available Nutrient Credits for Manure

	Total Nutrients lbs/ton	in 1st Year of Application lbs/ton	if Applied 2 Consecutive Yrs lbs/lon	If Applied 3 Consecutive Yrs lbs/fon
Total Nitrogen (injected)	11.50	4.60	5.75	6.33
Total Nitrogen (Surface Applied)	11.50	3.45	4.60	5.18
Total Phosphorus as P2O5	5.75	3.45	4.03	4.31
Total Potassium as K2O	11.32	9.06	10.19	10.75
Sulfur	0.51	0.28	0.33	0.36
Estimated Value of Available Nutrients in Surface A	opplied Manure*	\$2.79	\$3.33	\$3.60

Additional Tests

NH4-N

Ash

Additional Information 1 Value based on commercial fertilizer costs as of 3/1/2002:

N (urea) \$0.21/lb

pH P2O5 (Triple Superphosphate) \$0.24/lb

K₂0 (Potash) \$0.13/lb

S (Elemental Sulfur) \$0.23/lb

Laboratory Analysis

Moisture: 81.50 %

Dry Matter: 18.50 %

Estimated Available Nutrient Credits for Manure

	2	In 1st Year	If Applied 2	If Applied 3
	Total Nutrients	of Application	Consecutive Yrs	Consecutive Yrs
	lbs/ton	lbs/ton	lbs/ton	lbs/ton
Total Nitrogen (Injected)) 11.50	4.60	5.75	6.33
Total Nitrogen (Surface Applied) 11.50	3.45	4.60	5.18
Total Phosphorus as P2O6	5.75	3.45	4.03	4.31
Total Potassium as K20	11.32	9.06	10.19	10.75
Sulfur	0.51	0.28	0.33	0.36
Estimated Value of Available Nutrients in Surface A	Applied Manure ¹	\$2.79	\$3.33	\$3.60

Samples Analyzed By:

SOIL TEST REPORT

Page 1 for Field 1

University of Wisconsin-Extension Mulphanethyp/ Wisconsin-Madison Wisconsin-Madison, Wil

MARSHFIELD, WI 54449 LAB NO. 1-99999

SOIL & FORAGE ANALYSIS LAB

8396 YELLOWSTONE DRIVE

County Account No. 901

Date Received - Date Processed

08/14/00 14-Aug- 0

1 5

Soil Name (or subsoil group)

low Depth / -

UN SOIL & FORAGE LAB
8396 YELLOWSTONE ORIVE

MARSHFIELD WI

54449

This Report is for: UN SOIL & FORAGE LAB

8396 YELLOWSTONE DRIVE

MARSHFIELD NT 54449

		NUTRI	ENT RI	COMM	ENDATION	15	MILITANIA)	No.	STATE	TOWN AND	STATE OF THE PARTY.
Cropping Sequence	Yield Goal	Crop	Nutrien P,O,	Need K,O	Legume N	Fortili: Manua	zer Credit e N P,O,	K,O	N N		to Apply o, K,o
V	per acre		- Itala		— Italia —		- Ibe/s			_ Ib	n/a —
Corn, grain	111- 130 Bu	120	25	65	0	20	15	45	100	10	20
Bats	61.0-90.0 Bu	40	15	90	0	8	3	8	33	12	83
Alfalfa	4.6- 5.5 T	0	65	290	0	3		3	0	84	288

The time required for this rotation to reach pH 6.8 is 8.0 T/a of 60-69 time or 6.5 T/a of 80-89 time.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

First year replacement credit based on 2 years of non-incorporated Dairy 5.0 tons manure/acre. If corn harvested for silage instead of grain, add extra 30 lb P205/A and 90 lb K20/A to next crop. Reduce nitrogen by 50% if barley or oats are underseeded with a legume forage. If lime has been applied in the last 2 years, more lime may not be needed due to incomplete reaction.

A lime recommendation is calculated only when soil phile more than 0.2 units below the optimum pH.

Starter fertilizer (e.g. 10+20+20 lbs N+P,O,+K,O/e) is advisable for row crops on solis slow to warm in the spring

A soil nitrate test may befor estimate actual corn N needs.

If conservation stage leaves more than 50% interdus cover when core follows after core, ladd an additional 30 N Rails.

If altelfa will be maintained for more than three years, increase recommended K,O by 20% each year.