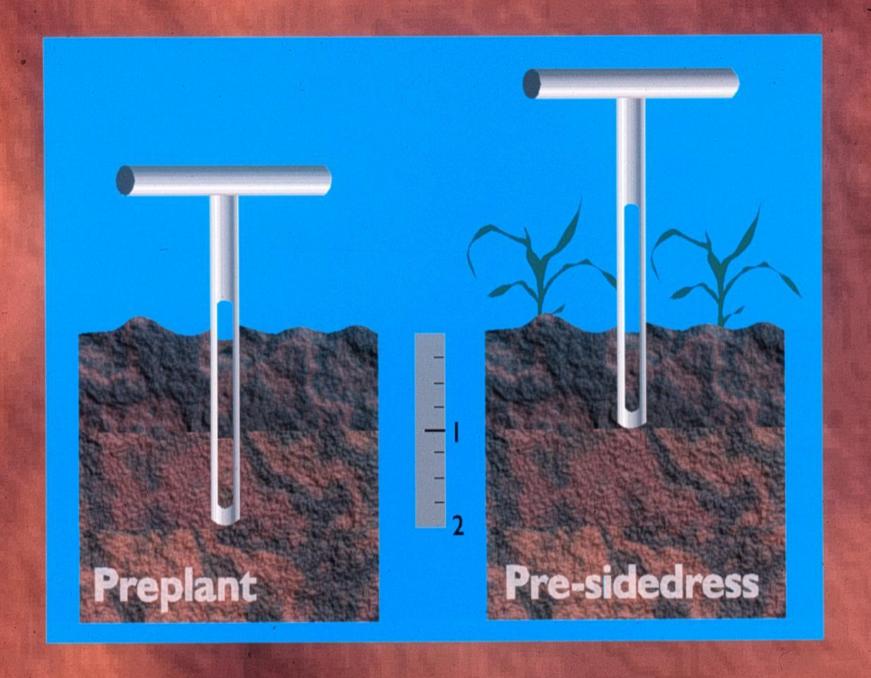
# SOIL NITRATE TESTS FOR WISCONSIN CROPPING SYSTEMS

L.G. Bundy
Dept. of Soil Science
University of Wisconsin

#### Why Use Soil Nitrate Tests?

- Agronomic and environmental benefits
- · Predict corn N needs
  - Improved accuracy
  - Site-and year-specific
- · Minimize nitrate loss



#### Preplant Soil Nitrate Test (PPNT)

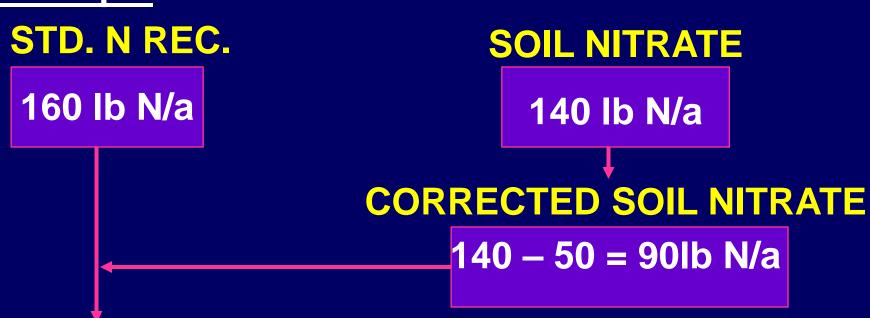
- Measures residual (carryover) nitrate
  - Corn after corn
  - Medium and fine textured soils
  - Normal or below normal rain
  - Available N exceeds crop need
- · Not useful on sands, loamy sands

#### Preplant Soil Nitrate Test (PPNT)

- Collect samples in early spring (preplant)
- Sample 0-1 ft. and 1-2 ft. depths
- · Combine 15 cores per 20 acres
- Dry or freeze soon after sampling
- Nitrate in 2-3 ft. depth predicted
- · Nitrogen recommendations

### Nitrogen Recommendations Based on the Preplant Soil Nitrate Test

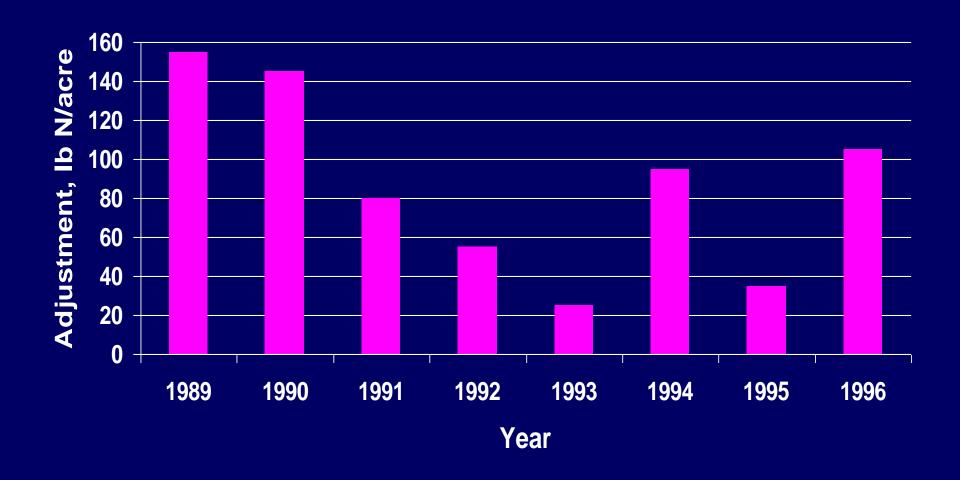
#### **Example:**



#### **N RECOMMENDATION**

160 - 90 = 70 lb N/a

### Average adjustment in corn N recommendations based on preplant nitrate tests, 1989-1996.





# Pre-Sidedress Soil Nitrate Test (PSNT)

- Estimates N availability from organic N sources
  - -Confirm N credits
  - Manure and legume history
  - -Corn after alfalfa
- · Not useful on sands, loamy sands

#### Pre-Sidedress Soil Nitrate Test (PSNT)

- Shallow samples (0-1 ft.)
- · Legume and manure N included
- Partial accounting for carryover nitrate
- Short sampling and analysis time
- Sidedress N required

### Corn Nitrogen Recommendations Based on Presidedress Soil Nitrate Test (PSNT)

	Soil Yield Potential*			
PSNT Result	Very High/High	Medium/Low		
— ppm N —	— N Application Rate, lb/a —			
> 21	0	0		
20-18	60	40		
17-15	100	40		
14-13	125	80		
12-11	150	80		
< 10	160 **	120 **		

<sup>\*</sup> To determine a soil's yield potential, consult UWEX publication A2809, Soil test recommendations for field, vegetable and fruit crops, or contact your agronomist or county agent.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Unadjusted nitrogen application rate.

- · Corn after corn:
  - Preplant test
    - · Highest potential for carryover
    - · Adjust N credits separately
      - Second year credits
      - Manured sites
  - PSNT
    - · Direct adjustment for N credits
    - · Partial carryover measurement

- Corn after alfalfa:
  - Use standard legume N credit
  - PSNT
    - · Confirms legume credit
    - •For PSNT <21 ppm N, apply up to 40 lb N/acre
  - Do not use preplant test

- · Corn following soybean:
  - -Reduce base N rate by 40 lb N/acre
  - -Use preplant soil nitrate test
  - -Use both 40 lb N/acre and N test adjustments

#### Manured sites:

- -PSNT
  - Direct assessment of N credit
  - Confirms N credit
  - Useful for unknown manure rates
- Preplant Test
  - Accounts for carryover nitrate from previous years
  - Separate N credit needed for current or second year additions.

#### Summary

- · Preplant test
  - -Corn after corn
  - -Sites without organic N
  - -Manure & legume history with standard N credits

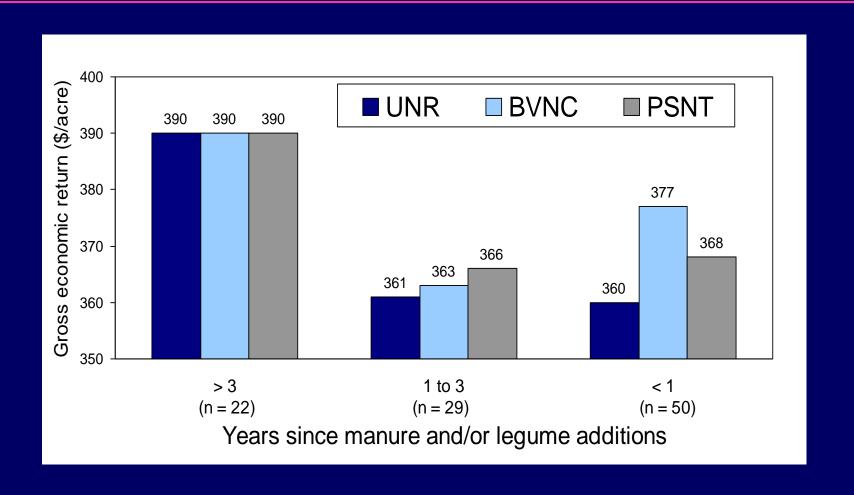
#### Summary

- Presidedress test (PSNT)
  - -Manure & legume history
  - -Confirm N credits

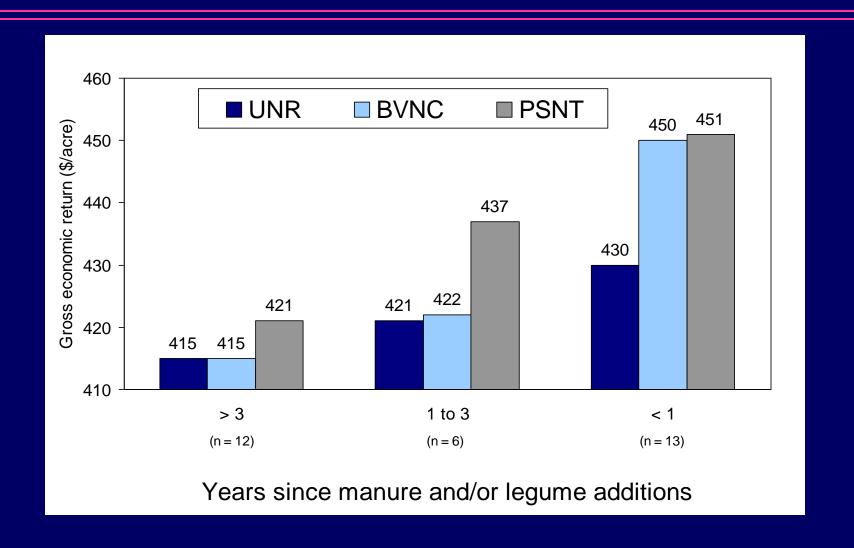
#### Procedure for N Crediting/PSNT Evaluation

- 101 corn N response trials on research and private farms, 1989-1999.
- High (56%) and medium (45%) yield potential soils.
- Sites include N fertilizer, manure, legume N, and rotation variables.
- · Soil nitrate tests, EONR determined.

# Gross economic return from three N recommendation methods at 101 Wisconsin locations, 1989 to 1999.



# Gross economic return at 31 sites with high yield potential soils and average to above average May-June air temperatures, 1989 to 1999.



### Effectiveness of N test in predicting optimum corn in rate, inorganic sites

	Accuracy*			
Recom.		Over	Under	
Method	Correct	Applied	Applied	
	%			
STD.	22	67	11	
PPNT	89	0	11	
PSNT	67	11	22	

<sup>\*</sup>High yield potential soils. Correct if + 30 lb N/a of observed optimum.

### Effectiveness of N test in predicting optimum corn N rate, organic sites

	Accuracy*			
Recom.		Over	Under	
Method	Correct	Applied	Applied	
		%		
STDBVNC	8	77	15	
PPNT- BVNC	38	38	24	
PSNT	62	23	15	

<sup>\*</sup>High yield potential soils. Correct if  $\pm$  30 lb N/a of observed optimum.

BVNC = Book value N credit

### Nitrogen recommendations based on soil nitrate test compared to standard method

- Increased % of correct recommendations
- Reduced % over applied
- Increased % under applied

#### RESIDUAL NITRATE AND OPTIMUM CORN N RATE 200 150 Y = 216 - 0.98 X , X < 220 $Y = 0, X > 220, R^2 = 0.92$ 100 50 **FAYETTE PLANO** 40 80 120 160 200 240 280 320

SPRING RESIDUAL NITRATE-N, lb/acre (0-3 ft)

#### Nitrogen Recommendations for Corn

	Sands & loamy sand		Other soils		
		Yield Potentia		Potential	
Organic		Non-	Med/	V. high/	
matter	Irrigated	irrigated	low	high	
%	Ib N/acre				
< 2	200	120	150	180	
2-9.9	160	110	120	160	
10-20	120	100	90	120	
>20	80	80	80	80	

#### USING SOIL NITRATE TESTS

#### Corn after soybean:

- Use 40 lb N/acre credit
- Use preplant test
- Use both credit and test adjustment

### END-OF-SEASON SOIL NITRATE TEST

Interpretation

Nitrate-N (lb/acre, 0-2 ft)

Low

**Optimal** 

46-91

**Excess** 

>91

**University of Wisconsin, 1996**